

Relationships, Sex & Health Education Policy

September 2020

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Associated Documents & Links to:	
Safeguarding and Child Protection Statutory DfE guidance:	
Policy	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/relationships-
Behaviour Policy	education-relationships-and-sex-education-rse-and-health-
Whistleblowing policy	education
Data protection policy	 PHSE, Science, ICT Curriculum, Humanities, PE
• E-safety policy	Visitors Policy
Anti-Bullying policy	

Our Vision

We have one core purpose:

To have the biggest positive impact in the varied communities we serve through ensuring top drawer education for our learners. #TransformingLives

How do we ensure this across our trust?

In all we do we are:

- 1. Ethical to the core, ensuring that education is always front and centre
- 2. Futures focused system leaders never simply followers
- 3. Collaborative in every endeavour
- 4. Resolutely learner centred.

What does this look like across our trust?

Education

We are:

- 1. Ruthlessly ambitious for all who learn and work with us
- 2. Unwaveringly inclusive determined on eradicating barriers to educational success
- 3. Committed to excellent teaching
- 4. Determined upon academic excellence for all in our communities
- 5. Compassionate, ethical and caring advocates for all in our communities
- 6. Outwardly facing and globally conscious



Operations

We are:

- 1. Committed to the very best people development and empowerment
- 2. Determined to shout loudly and share proudly our successes
- 3. The best professional and technical experts (supporting education) in the sector
- 4. Committed to the very best understanding and management of risk

<u>Financial</u>

We are:

- 1. Providing the best possible public service for the best possible value
- 2. Determined to supplement our public income with shrewd income generation
- 3. Building financially sustainable models of educational improvement in our communities
- 4. Demonstrably efficient in all we do



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1. Aims

The aims of relationships and sex education (RSE) at our school are to:

- Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- Prepare pupils for puberty and adulthood, give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of both physical and mental health and hygiene so that they can make their own informed decisions.
- Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships including helping pupils to create healthy, nurturing relationships of all kinds.
- Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies

2. Our values

- We will work inclusively within our communities, embracing the varied localities we serve while sharing our common vision and values.
- We will develop the very best leaders of the future, working to improve education and transform lives
- We will adhere unwaveringly to the 'Nolan Principles' of Public Service, which is made clear in our commitment to Ethical Leadership.

3. Statutory requirements

As a secondary academy school we must provide RSE to all pupils as per s.34 <u>Children and Social Work Act</u> (2017.)

In teaching RSE, we are required by our funding agreements to have regard to <u>guidance</u> issued by the secretary of state as outlined in s.403 <u>Education Act (1996)</u>.

At Sutton Community Academy we teach RSE as set out in this policy.

4. Policy development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, pupils and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

- 1. Review the Head of PSHCE and PSHCE Line Manager pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance.
- 2. Staff consultation all school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations through email, July 2020
- 3. Parent/stakeholder consultation parents and any interested parties were sent a letter with a link to the draft policy on the website asking for their feedback electronically at marie.dymond@suttonacademy.attrust.org.uk by 1st September 2020 and will be invited to attend a meeting about the policy once COVID19 restriction are removed.
- 4. Pupil consultation we will investigate exactly what pupils want from their RSE by pupil voice when we return to school as part of their PSHCE lessons. We will use the information gathered to help plan the delivery of lessons NB the content of what is taught is not part of the consultation; it is required.



- 5. Pupil reflection we will ask pupils for feedback on the RSE lessons once they have been completed during the academic year and use this feedback to further inform future sessions. We will do this by pupil voice.
- 6. Ratification once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified.

5. Definition

RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity and relevant legislation, so that they are able to make their own, informed decisions throughout their lives.

RSE involves a combination of sharing information and exploring issues and values in an open safe non-judgemental developmentally appropriate environment.

RSE is NOT about the promotion of sexual activity.

6. Curriculum

Our curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1 but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary to meet the needs of our pupils and our community or issues that are highlighted nationally.

We have developed the curriculum in consultation with support from a Local Authority advisor, parents, pupils and staff, taking into account the age, needs and feelings of pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so that pupils are fully informed and don't seek answers online or their peers which may not provide a true reflection of reality or explore related ethical issues the way in which a teacher can. This may include signposting pupils to a safe and reliable sources of information such as Brook or School Nursing teams where appropriate.

7. Delivery of RSE

Please see the separate SCA PSHCE and RSE policy for further details.

RSE is taught within the personal, social, health, citizenship and economic (PSHCE) education curriculum. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the science curriculum, and other aspects are included in religious education / ethics and philosophy in Year 10 / humanities.

Pupils also receive stand-alone sex education sessions delivered by specialist teachers and guest speakers from SEXIONS.

RSE focuses on giving young people the information they need to help them develop healthy, nurturing relationships of all kinds including:

- Families
- Respectful relationships, including friendships
- Online and media
- Being safe
- Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health
- For more information about our RSE curriculum, see Appendices 1 and 2.



These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures) along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers).

8. Roles and responsibilities

The local governing board (LGB)

The LGB will monitor the implementation of this policy on behalf of Trustees, whose responsibility it is to approve.

The Principal

The principal is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from non-statutory/non-science components of RSE (see section 9).

Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- Delivering RSE in a sensitive way
- Modelling positive attitudes to RSE
- Monitoring progress
- Responding to the needs of individual pupils
- Supporting the review and reflection process for pupil feedback after taught lessons/units.
- Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the nonstatutory/non-science components of RSE
- Make pupils aware that if anything that is said during these sessions raises any concerns about themselves or about someone that they know they should talk to a trusted member of staff about it as per our safeguarding policy.

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the Principal.

Staff Name	Job Title	Aspect of RSE (science/PHSE)
Marie Dymond	Head of PSHCE Department	All aspects of PHSE (including RSE/ sex education /science)
Penny Runnalls	Teacher of PSHCE and sociology	All aspects of PHSE (including RSE/ sex education / science)



Richard Carlin	Teacher of PSHCE and business Year 7 LOLA	All aspects of PHSE (including RSE/ sex education / science)
James Wale	Teacher of RE	All aspects of RE
		All aspects of PHSE (including RSE/ sex education / science)
Sexions		Sexions visit each class in years 9 - 10 with age appropriate lessons.
Jayne Drury	Careers Lead	
Science staff	Teacher of science	Sex education (science)
History staff	Teacher of Humanities	Relationships / Human rights
PE Staff	Teacher of PE	Healthy lifestyles / health and well being
Technology staff	Teacher of food technology	Healthy Lifestyles / health and well being

Pupils

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity. Failure to behave appropriately will be dealt with in accordance to the Behavior Policy.

If gaining a wider awareness of positive relationships versus negative relationships causes any concern to any pupil about themselves or someone they know, they are encouraged to share these concerns with a trusted member of staff who will deal with them in accordance to the safeguarding policy.

Pupils with an additional need including pupils with SEND and EAL

We aim to ensure that the curriculum is accessible for all students and are mindful that this is particularly the case for students with special educational needs and disabilities who may, due to their need, be more vulnerable to exploitation, bullying and other issues specific to their additional need.

We are mindful of the preparing for adulthood outcomes (as set out in the SEND Code of Practice); where relevant, the curriculum will be adapted to meet the specific developmental needs of SEND pupils to ensure that curriculum taught to SEND students is sensitive, age and developmentally appropriate and delivered with reference to the law. As part of this, we will work with the school SENCO, family and the pupil.



9. Parents' right to withdraw

Parents have the right to withdraw their children from the non-statutory/non-science components of sex education within RSE (not relationship education) up to and **until 3 terms before the child turns 16**. After this point, if the child wishes to receive sex education rather than being withdrawn, the academy is required by law to arrange this. Sex Education is defined as being content such as "Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health" and "pornography" (noted under Online and Media) in a PSHE/RSHE classroom environment

Requests to withdraw children from statutory aspects of RSE are unlawful and will not be granted, this includes Relationship and Health Education (including puberty) and curriculum taught as part of the Science National Curriculum.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing detailing the reasons that you want to withdraw your child and addressed to the Principal. Wherever possible, a meeting will take place between a representative of the academy and family to address any concerns raised.

A copy of withdrawal requests will be placed in the pupil's educational record. The Principal will discuss the request with parents and take appropriate action and record the viewpoint of both parties as well as the outcome of the discussion.

Alternative work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from sex education.

10. Training

Staff are trained on the delivery of RSE and it is included in our continuing professional development calendar.

The Principal will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSE in line with the academy's Visitors Policy.

11. Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of RSE is monitored by Marie Dymond (Head of PSHCE) through monitoring arrangements such as planning scrutinies, learning walks, book looks, lesson observations, staff and pupil feedback etc.

Pupils' development in RSE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed by Marie Dymond, Head of PSHCE bi-annually or sooner if as a result of pupil feedback, consultation feedback or a change in guidance from the DfE. At every review, the policy will be approved by the LAC.



Appendix 1: Curriculum map

Relationships and sex education curriculum map

YEAR GROUP	TERM	TOPIC/THEME DETAILS	RESOURCES

Appendix 2: By the end of secondary school pupils should know

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Families	That there are different types of committed, stable relationships
	How these relationships might contribute to human happiness and their importance for bringing up children
	• What marriage is, including their legal status e.g. that marriage carries legal rights and protections not available to couples who are cohabiting or who have married, for example, in an unregistered religious ceremony
	Why marriage is an important relationship choice for many couples and why it must be freely entered into
	The characteristics and legal status of other types of long-term relationships
	The roles and responsibilities of parents with respect to raising of children, including the characteristics of successful parenting
	• How to: determine whether other children, adults or sources of information are trustworthy: judge when a family, friend, intimate or other relationship is unsafe (and to recognise this in others' relationships); and, how to seek help or advice, including reporting concerns about others, if needed



TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Respectful relationships, including	• The characteristics of positive and healthy friendships (in all contexts, including online) including: trust, respect, honesty, kindness, generosity, boundaries, privacy, consent and the management of conflict, reconciliation and ending relationships. This includes different (non-sexual) types of relationship
friendships	Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships
	• How stereotypes, in particular stereotypes based on sex, gender, race, religion, sexual orientation or disability, can cause damage (e.g. how they might normalise non-consensual behaviour or encourage prejudice)
	• That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including people in positions of authority and due tolerance of other people's beliefs
	• About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders to report bullying and how and where to get help
	That some types of behaviour within relationships are criminal, including violent behaviour and coercive control
	What constitutes sexual harassment and sexual violence and why these are always unacceptable
	• The legal rights and responsibilities regarding equality (particularly with reference to the protected characteristics as defined in the Equality Act 2010) and that everyone is unique and equal



TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Online and media	Their rights, responsibilities and opportunities online, including that the same expectations of behaviour apply in all contexts, including online
	• About online risks, including that any material someone provides to another has the potential to be shared online and the difficulty of removing potentially compromising material placed online
	• Not to provide material to others that they would not want shared further and not to share personal material which is sent to them
	What to do and where to get support to report material or manage issues online
	The impact of viewing harmful content
	• That specifically sexually explicit material e.g. pornography presents a distorted picture of sexual behaviours, can damage the way people see themselves in relation to others and negatively affect how they behave towards sexual partners
	• That sharing and viewing indecent images of children (including those created by children) is a criminal offence which carries severe penalties including jail
	How information and data is generated, collected, shared and used online
	• The similarities and differences between the online world and the physical world, including: the impact of unhealthy or obsessive comparison with others online (including through setting unrealistic expectations for body image), how people may curate a specific image of their life online, over-reliance on online relationships including social media, the risks related to online gambling including the accumulation of debt, how advertising and information is targeted at them and how to be a discerning consumer of information online
	How to identify harmful behaviours online (including bullying, abuse or harassment) and how to report, or find support, if they have been affected by those behaviours.
Being safe	• The concepts of, and laws relating to, sexual consent, sexual exploitation, abuse, grooming, coercion, harassment, rape, domestic abuse, forced marriage, honour-based violence and FGM, and how these can affect current and future relationships
	• How people can actively communicate and recognise consent from others, including sexual consent, and how and when consent can be withdrawn (in all contexts, including online)



TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Intimate and sexual	How to recognise the characteristics and positive aspects of healthy one-to-one intimate relationships, which include mutual respect, consent, loyalty, trust, shared interests and outlook, sex and friendship
relationships, including sexual	• That all aspects of health can be affected by choices they make in sex and relationships, positively or negatively, e.g. physical, emotional, mental, sexual and reproductive health and wellbeing
health	The facts about reproductive health, including fertility and the potential impact of lifestyle on fertility for men and women
	• That there are a range of strategies for identifying and managing sexual pressure, including understanding peer pressure, resisting pressure and not pressurising others
	That they have a choice to delay sex or to enjoy intimacy without sex
	The facts about the full range of contraceptive choices, efficacy and options available
	The facts around pregnancy including miscarriage
	• That there are choices in relation to pregnancy (with medically and legally accurate, impartial information on all options, including keeping the baby, adoption, abortion and where to get further help)
	• How the different sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including HIV/AIDs, are transmitted, how risk can be reduced through safer sex (including through condom use) and the importance of and facts about testing
	About the prevalence of some STIs, the impact they can have on those who contract them and key facts about treatment
	How the use of alcohol and drugs can lead to risky sexual behaviour
	How to get further advice, including how and where to access confidential sexual and reproductive health advice and treatment



Topic	Pupils Should know
Mental	How to talk about their emotions accurately and sensitively, using appropriate vocabulary.
Wellbeing	That happiness is linked to being connected to others.
	How to recognise the early signs of mental wellbeing concerns.
	Common types of mental ill health (e.g. anxiety and depression).
	• How to critically evaluate when something they do or are involved in has a positive or negative effect on their own or others' mental health.
	• The benefits and importance of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation and voluntary and service-based activities on mental wellbeing and happiness.
Physical Health,	The positive associations between physical activity and promotion of mental wellbeing, including as an approach to combat stress.
Fitness and Healthy Eating	• The characteristics and evidence of what constitutes a healthy lifestyle, maintaining a healthy weight, including the links between an inactive lifestyle and ill health, including cancer and cardiovascular ill-health.
	About the science relating to blood, organ and stem cell donation.
	How to maintain healthy eating and the links between a poor diet and health risks, including tooth decay and cancer.
	About personal hygiene, germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread, treatment and prevention of infection, and about antibiotics.
	About dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including healthy eating and regular check-ups at the dentist.
	The benefits of regular self-examination and screening (late secondary)
	The facts and science relating to immunisation and vaccination.
	• The importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and how a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn.
	Key facts about puberty, the changing adolescent body and menstrual wellbeing.
	The main changes which take place in males and females, and the implications for emotional and physical health.



Topic	Pupils Should know
Basic First Aid	 Basic treatment for common injuries. Life-saving skills, including how to administer CPR The purpose of defibrillators and when one might be needed
Drugs Alcohol and Tobacco	 The facts about legal and illegal drugs and their associated risks, including the link between drug use, and the associated risks, including the link to serious mental health conditions. The law relating to the supply and possession of illegal substances. The physical and psychological risks associated with alcohol consumption and what constitutes low risk alcohol consumption in
	 adulthood. The physical and psychological consequences of addiction, including alcohol dependency.
	 Awareness of the dangers of drugs which are prescribed but still present serious health risks. The facts about the harms from smoking tobacco (particularly the link to lung cancer), the benefits of quitting and how to access support to do so.



	Year 7 Broadly				
	*All visitors need confirming				
Week	Visitors:				
Commencing	Descible February Floatings / Males vary Mayle (Vestile Deslieus est) Bioteira Theodor VIA Dead Cofety				
	Possible Extras : Elections / Make your Mark (Youth Parliament), Pintsize Theatre, VIA Road Safety				
	The PSHCE department will respond and react to any school / community issues that arise and adapt lessons accordingly.				
6 9 21	Transition				
13.9.21	Intro to PSHCE (alternative - peer pressure?)				
20.9.21	Hygiene - stinky Bob				
27.9.21	Hygiene – skin / spots etc				
4.10.21	Managing anger				
11.10.21	Puberty – when and why				
	HALF TERM First day of closure 18 th October				
1.11.21	Periods – when and why				
8.11.21	FGM				
15.11.21	Being an aspirational student				
22.11.21	How does self esteem help us achieve?				
29.11.21	What are wants and needs				
6.12.21	Stereotyping and prejudice – racism 1				
13.12.21	Stereotyping and prejudice – racism 2				
4.4.22	CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS First day of closure 20 th December				
4.1.22	Social media safe and private				
10.1.22	What do we mean by a healthy lifestyle How can I keep healthy				
17.1.22	Eating responsibly , labels				
24.1.22 31.1.22	Consequence of not eating healthily				
7.2.22	What's the big deal with energy drinks				
7.2.22	HALF TERM First day of closure 14th February				
21.2.22	Healthy lives - exercise				
28.2.22	Dangers of cigarettes and alcohol (2 weeks) / smoking				
7.3.22	Dungers of eigenetics and decrior (2 weeks) / smoking				
14.3.22	Keeping good friends and avoiding toxic ones				
21.3.22	Family relationships				
28.3.22	Love and relationships/Falling in Love				
20.3.22	EASTER HOLIDAYS First day of closure 4 th April				
19.4.22	Bullying or banter				
25.4.22	What is cyber bullying				
2.5.22	How do we keep safe and positive relationships				
9.5.22	What is my personal identity				
16.5.22	What are radicalisation and extremism?				
23.5.22					
	HALF TERM First day of closure 30 th May				
6.6.22	What are different types of financial transactions				
13.6.22	What are different types of financial products				
20.6.22	How can we shop ethically				
27.6.22					
4.7.22					
11.7.22					
18.7.22					
25.7.22					
	SUMMER HOLIDAYS First day of closure Thursday 29 th July				

	Year 8 - Content Broadly			
Week	*All visitors need confirming Visitors:			
Commencing	Desible Future Clerking / Malle your Maryl (Verth Devlier each) District Theory DAID VIA Dead Cafety			
	Possible Extras : Elections / Make your Mark (Youth Parliament), Pintsize Theatre, RAID, VIA Road Safety			
	The PSHCE department will respond and react to any school / community issues that arise and adapt lessons accordingly.			
6921	How can self-confidence build our achievement			
13.9.21	Behaving to achieve - rules			
20.9.21	Emotional literacy			
27.9.21	Intro to metal health – depression focus			
4.10.21	What is vaping?			
11.10.21	Consent			
	HALF TERM First day of closure 18th October			
1.11.21	What are the short and long term consequences of excess alcohol x 3			
8.11.21				
15.11.21				
22.11.21	Personal safety and first aid x3			
29.11.21				
6.12.21				
13.12.21	Internet safety: Online grooming			
	YS First day of closure 20th December			
4.1.22	Law and the courts x 3			
10.1.22				
17.1.22				
24.1.22				
31.1.22	Budgeting and saving: Personal finances			
7.2.22	LIALE TERM. First day of alcours 14th Fabruary			
21.2.22	HALF TERM First day of closure 14 th February How can we become entrepreneurs?			
28.2.22	How can we develop our teamwork skills?			
7.3.22	How can we develop our communication skills?			
14.3.22	Prejudice & Stereotyping: Disability			
21.3.22	Who are the LGBTQAI+ community and what do they want us to know (may have been covered in Yr7)			
28.3.22	Stereotyping & Discrimination: Teens and the media			
10.100	EASTER HOLIDAYS First day of closure 4 th April			
19.4.22	British values: tolerance & racism			
25.4.22	Who are the extreme groups ? Where does extremism come from?			
2.5.22	How do extremists attract converts?			
9.5.22	Extremism: Islamophobia: Sharia law			
16.5.22	How can we prevent radicalisation?			
23.5.22	HALF TERM First day of closure 30 th May			
6.6.22	Prejudice and discrimination: : Religious focus			
13.6.22	How can we budget our money?			
20.6.22	Creating a budgeting plan			
27.6.22	Cancer awareness			
4.7.22	RAID x 2			
11.7.22				
18.7.22				
25.7.22				
LJ.1.LL	SUMMER HOLIDAYS First day of closure Thursday 29th July			

	Year 9 - Content Broadly				
	*All visitors need confirming				
Week	Visitors: Sexions				
Commencing	Possible Extras : Elections / Make your Mark (Youth Parliament), Pintsize Theatre, VIA Road Safety				
	The PSHCE department will respond and react to any school / community issues that arise and adapt lessons accordingly.				
	NB: In Year 9 students follow the PSHCE SOW for half the year and RE for the other half				
6921	British diversity				
13.9.21	Homophobia				
20.9.21	Body image and media – focus on girls				
27.9.21	Body image and media - boys				
4.10.21	Does the media contribute to eating orders				
11.10.21	Dangers relationships CSE				
	HALF TERM First day of closure 18th October				
1.11.21	Domestic violence and abusive relationships				
8.11.21	Why do people take illegal drugs and the law x 2				
15.11.21					
22.11.21	What is self harm and why do people do this				
29.11.21	Mental health – anxiety				
6.12.21	Discrimination Act: How are we protected from prejudice and discrimination				
13.12.21	Selfie obsession				
	CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS First day of closure 20th December				
4.1.22	Sex and contraception				
10.1.22	Teen pregnancy and parenting				
17.1.22	STI's				
24.1.22	Sexting				
31.1.22	Dangers of pornography				
7.2.22	SEXIONS				
	HALF TERM First day of closure 14th February				

	PSHCE	Year 10 - Content Broadly
	lesson	*All visitors need confirming
Date	(sets)	Visitors: Sexions
		Possible Extras : Elections / Make your Mark (Youth Parliament), Pintsize Theatre
Friday period 1		The PSHCE department will respond and react to any school / community issues that arise and adapt lessons accordingly.
		NB: PSHCE lessons are taught on a 3 week rota alongside English.
10 9 21	1 & 2	How do we manage the stress of school and exams
17.9.21	3 & 4	
24.9.21	5&6	Phonon what is to some and some able to
1.10.21	1 & 2	Finance what is income and expenditure
8.10.21	3 & 4	
15.10.21	5 & 6	HALF TERM First day of closure 18 th October
5.11.21	1 & 2	National Insurance and income tax
12.11.21	3 & 4	
19.11.21	5&6	
26.11.21	1 & 2	Savings, loans and interest rates
3.12.21	3 & 4	
10.12.21	5&6	
17.12.21	1 & 2	Contraception – condoms
		CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS First day of closure 20 th December
7.1.22	3 & 4	
14.1.22	5 & 6	
21.1.22	1 & 2	STI's
28.1.22	3 & 4	
4.2.22	5 & 6	
11.2.22	1 & 2	Sexions
25.2.22	3 & 4	HALF TERM First day of closure 14 th February
	5 & 6	
4.3.22	1 & 2	Crivelling DVD and flore in abusing valetionships (wearly damp by some graves in year 0)
11.3.22 18.3.22	3 & 4	Spiralling DVD – red flags in abusive relationships (maybe done by some groups in year 9)
25.3.22	5&6	
1.4.22	1 & 2	FIT
±.T.		EASTER HOLIDAYS First day of closure 4 th April
22.4.22	3 & 4	
29.4.22	5 & 6	
6.5.22	1 & 2	How can extreme views lead to human rights abuses
13.5.22	3 & 4	
20.5.22	5 & 6	
27.5.22	1 & 2	How do charities help the world
		HALF TERM First day of closure 30 th May
10.6.22	3 & 4	
17.6.22	5 & 6	
24.6.22	1 & 2	Should we send aid to foreign countries
1.7.22	3 & 4	
8.7.22	5 & 6	Miles and the second se
15.7.22	1 & 2	Why can't some people access education
22.7.22	3 & 4	
29.7.22	5 & 6	

	PSHCE	Year 11 - Content Broadly
	lesson	All visitors need confirming
Date Friday period 3	(sets)	Visitors: SEXIONS Possible Extras: Elections / Make your Mark (Youth Parliament), Pintsize Theatre, VIA Road Safety The PSHCE department will respond and react to any school / community issues that arise and adapt lessons accordingly. NB: PSHCE lessons are taught on a 3 week rota alongside English.
10 9 21	1 & 2	Responsible health choices 1
17.9.21	3 & 4	
24.9.21	5	
1.10.21	1 & 2	Savings, loans and interest rates
8.10.21	3 & 4	
15.10.21	5	
		HALF TERM First day of closure 18th October
5.11.21	1 & 2	Why do we pay tax?
12.11.21	3 & 4	
19.11.21	5	
26.11.21	1 & 2	Spiralling (DV / domestic abuse)
3.12.21	3 & 4	
10.12.21	5	
17.12.21	1 & 2	Cancer awareness – self checking (to plan)
		CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS First day of closure 20th December
7.1.22	3 & 4	
14.1.22	5	
21.1.22	1 & 2	Pornography
28.1.22	3 & 4	
4.2.22	5	
11.2.22	1 & 2	Sexions
25.2.22	3 & 4	HALF TERM First day of closure 14 th February
4.3.22	5	
11.3.22	1 & 2	Jesse Nelson – mental health /or Zara McDermott (mental health)
18.3.22	3 & 4	
25.3.22	5	
1.4.22	1 & 2	Homophobia
		EASTER HOLIDAYS First day of closure 4 th April
22.4.22	3 & 4	
29.4.22	5	
6.5.22	1 & 2	Love Simon - LGBTQ ?? (some may have watched this in year 10)
13.5.22	3 & 4	
20.5.22	5	
27.5.22	1 & 2	What is sustainability?
		HALF TERM First day of closure 30 th May
10.6.22	3 & 4	
17.6.22	5	

Please note that there is cross-over within the themes eg the drugs topic is under "Health and Well Being" but we will look at other issues eg relationships / peer pressure / social consequences etc within this.